



Special Release

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INQUIRIES: For more information write or call:

National Statistics Office

N. Roldan St., Poblacion, Kalibo, Aklan

Tel Nos. (036)268-9217/262-3804 or

Email: nso_aklan@yahoo.com

AklAn Vital Statistics: MARCh 2012

Explanatory Text:

Vital statistics are registration-based statistics derived from registered birth, death, fetal death, and marriage documents. The data on vital statistics presented in this release were obtained from the copies of the certificates submitted to NSO-Aklan from the 17 Local Civil Registry Office. Figures include vital events that were registered late.

BIRTH

More Males than Females are Born

The total registered live births in the Province of Aklan for March 2012 reached to 383. Of this number, 194 or 50.65% were males and 189 or 49.35% were females. Male births are higher by 5, which means that for every 100 female births there are 103 male born in Aklan this month.

The average daily birth occurrence in Aklan for March 2012 is approximately 12 births.

Municipality with highest Registered Live Births

Among the 17 Municipalities in Aklan, Kalibo, being the town capital, obtained the highest registration of birth with 192 or 50.13%. Malay and Ibajay followed with 35 or 9.14% and 23 or 6.01% registered births, respectively.

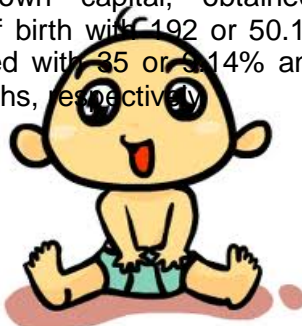
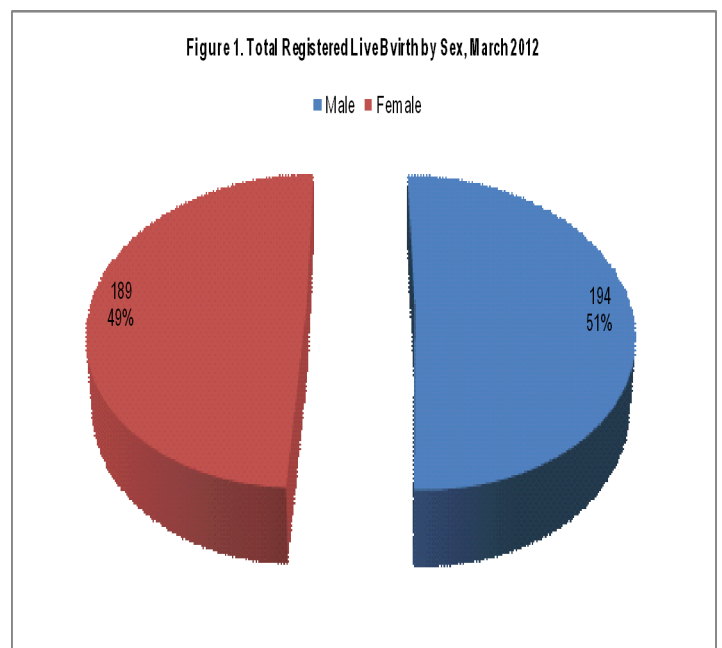
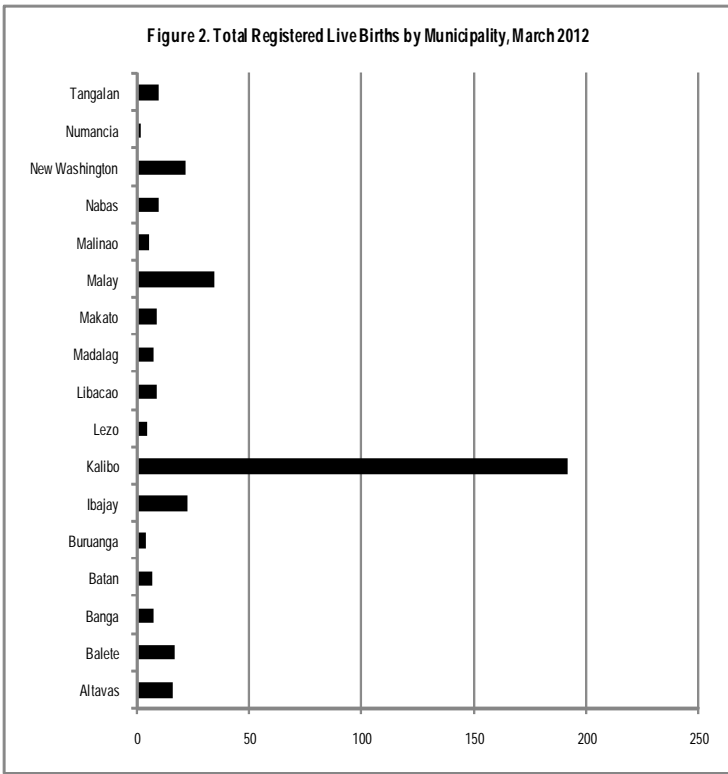


Figure 1. Total Registered Live Birth by Sex, March 2012



These two municipalities are the biggest in terms of number of population. On the other hand, Numancia and Malinao had the lowest birth registration this month with only 2 and 4 births reported, respectively.



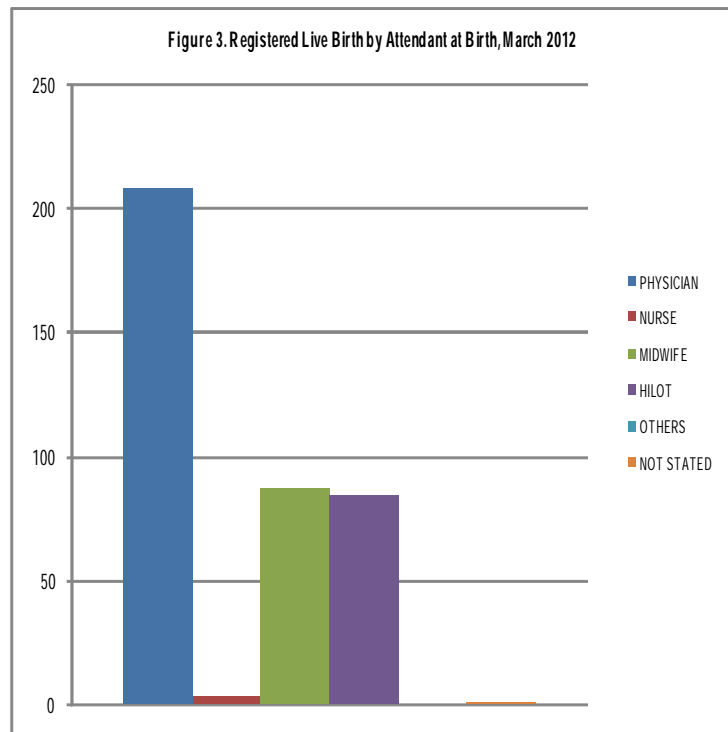
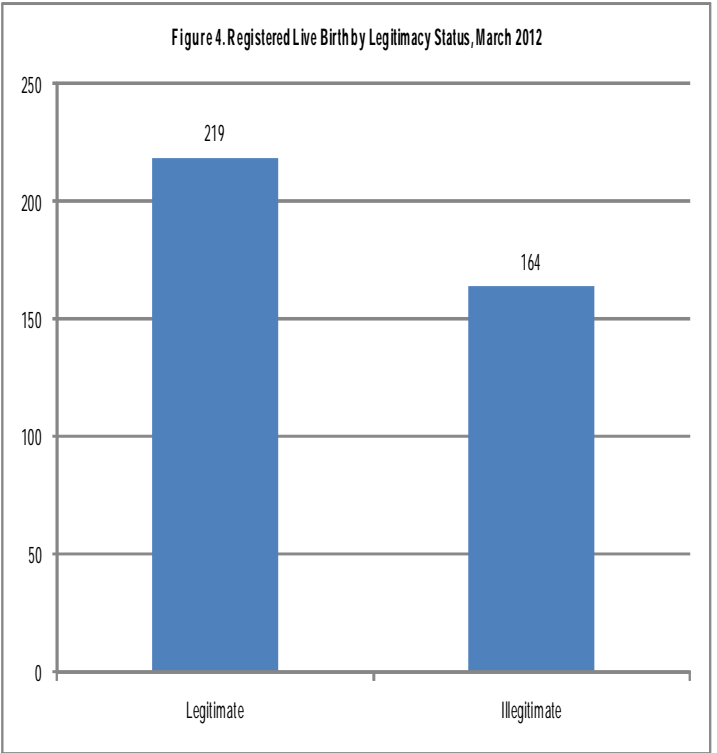
Legitimate Children outnumbered the Illegitimate

Of the 383 registered births for this month, children born legitimate outnumbered those illegitimate. Legitimate children recorded at 219 or 57.18%, while illegitimate at 164 or 42.82%. This means that for every 10 legitimate children there are about 8 are illegitimate born for this month. Half of the total number of illegitimate children reported this month were obtained by the Municipality of Kalibo, followed by Malay with 11.59%, and New Washington with 8.54% mark. On the contrary, the municipalities with highest percentage of legitimate children registered are Batan (100%), Nabas (80%), and Ibajay (78.26%).

Attendant at birth

Out of 383 total registered live births in March 2012, the birth attended by physician has the highest frequency of 208, followed by midwife with 87, while by hilot with 84 and by nurse with 3.

Based on the daily average of birth occurrence this month, about seven (7) were attended by medical doctor while about three (3) by midwife and hilot, thus showing preference by expectant mothers to medical doctors as attendant at birth.



Age group of mother

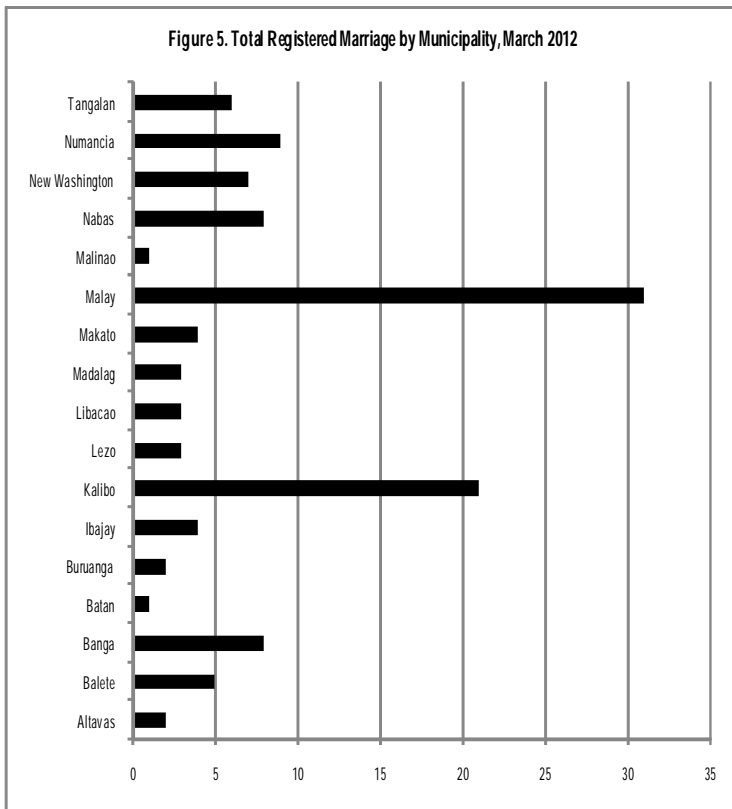
For the month of March 2012, most of mothers in Aklan gave birth at the age of 20-24 years old having the highest frequency of 101 or 26.37%. This shows that three (3) out of ten (10) babies were cared by mothers in this age bracket. While, about 32 or 8.36% live births were born to mothers with age 15-19 years old and below, which means that one (1) for every ten (10) births was mothered by teen-agers.



MARRIAGE

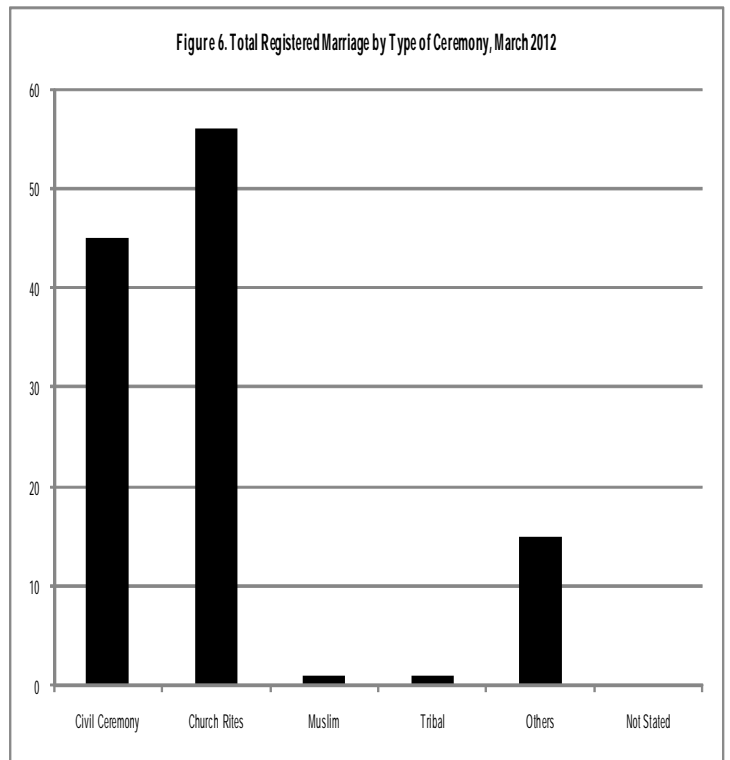
Malay Dominates Number of Registered Marriage

The total registered marriage for March 2012 reached to 118 or an average of four (4) marriages a day. Of this number, Malay has the highest registration with 31 or 26.27%, followed by Kalibo with 21 or 17.80%, and Numancia with 9 or 7.63%. The least among the municipalities is Batan with only 1 reported marriage for this month.



Age of Groom and Bride

Table 7 shows that this month, most of grooms and brides preferred to get married at the age of 25-29. Grooms comprised 38.14% (45), while brides 35.59% (42) in this age bracket. However, more brides get married at the age of 20-24 (33.90%) than the groom, while grooms outnumbered brides at the age of 30-34 (22.88%). Conversely, the number of teen brides is nine times more than that of the grooms (1 or 0.85%).



Marriage by Type of Ceremony

Most marriages for this month were solemnized under Roman Catholic Church rites with 56 or 47.46%, followed by civil ceremony with 45 or 38.14%, and other religious rites such as Protestants with 15 or 12.71%.



Based on daily average of marriage occurrence, about two (2) marriages a day were conducted by Catholic Church ceremony and one (1) by civil ceremony.

DEATH

Males died faster than females

For March 2012, the total registered death posted at 229. More than half of the number were males with 141 or 61.57%, while females had 88 or 38.43%.

On the average, there are seven (7) daily deaths recorded for this month with a sex ratio of 160 male deaths for every 100 females.

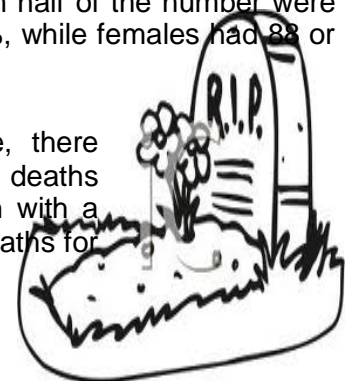
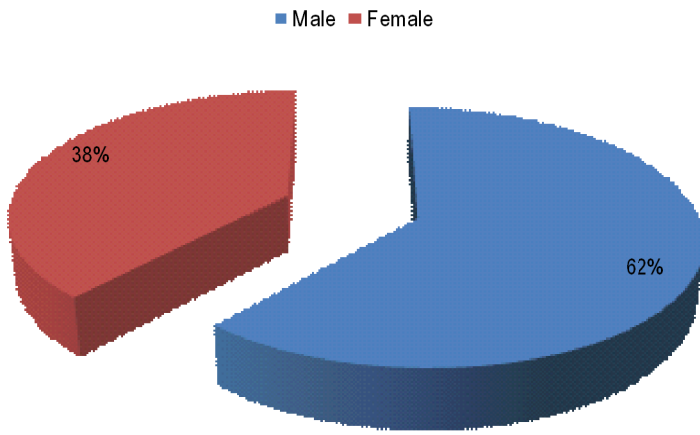


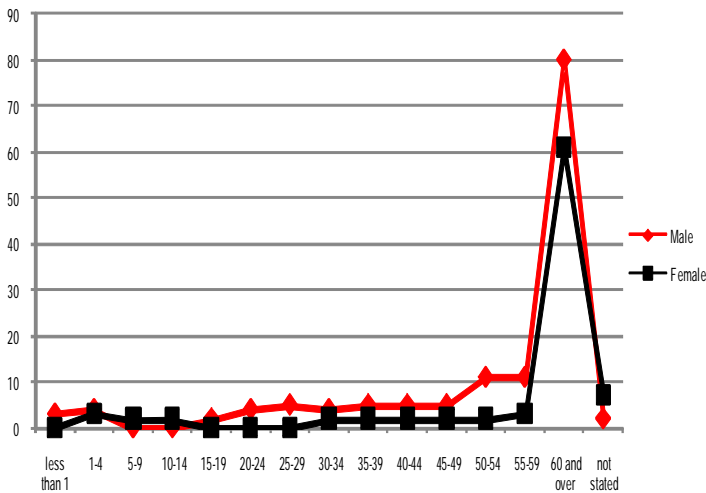
Figure 7. Total Registered Death by Sex, March 2012



Death by Age group

More than half of the registered death in Aklan belonged to age group 60 and over with 141 or 61.57%. This was followed by age 55-59 with 14 or 6.11% and age 50-54 with 13 or 5.68%. Both male and female shared the same age bracket with highest death occurrences. Likewise, the data showed that percentage of death occurrences started to increase at the age of 50 and above.

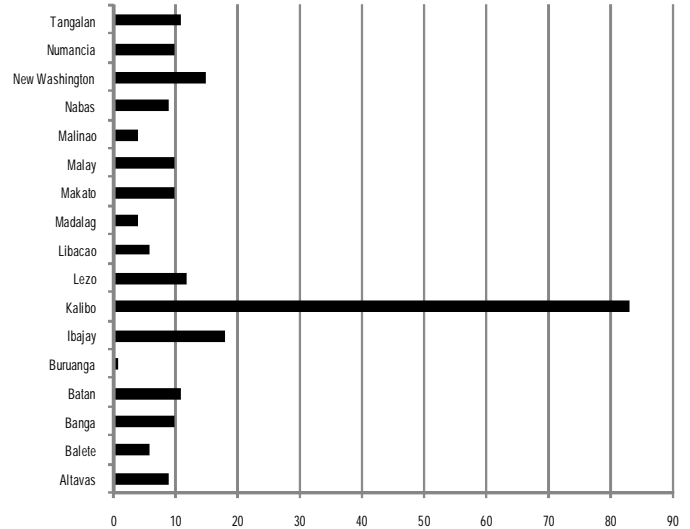
Figure 9. Total Registered by Sex and Age Group, March 2012



Kalibo has the highest death occurrence

Among the municipalities, Kalibo had the highest reported death incidence with 83 or 36.24%. Out of the total, male deaths shared about 61.46%, while female deaths covered the remaining 38.55%. Ibajay followed with 18 or 7.86% and New Washington with 15 or 6.55%. Buruanga had the lowest death registration with 1 or 0.44%.

Figure 8. Total Registered Death by Place of Occurrence, March 2012



Cardiac Arrest is the Leading Cause of Death in Aklan

Cardiac arrest top the list among the 10 leading causes of death in Aklan, followed by pneumonia and pulmonary heart disease. Of the total registered death, 216 or 94.32% were medically attended and 13 or 5.68% were not attended by doctors.

Figure 10. Leading Causes of Death in Aklan, March 2012

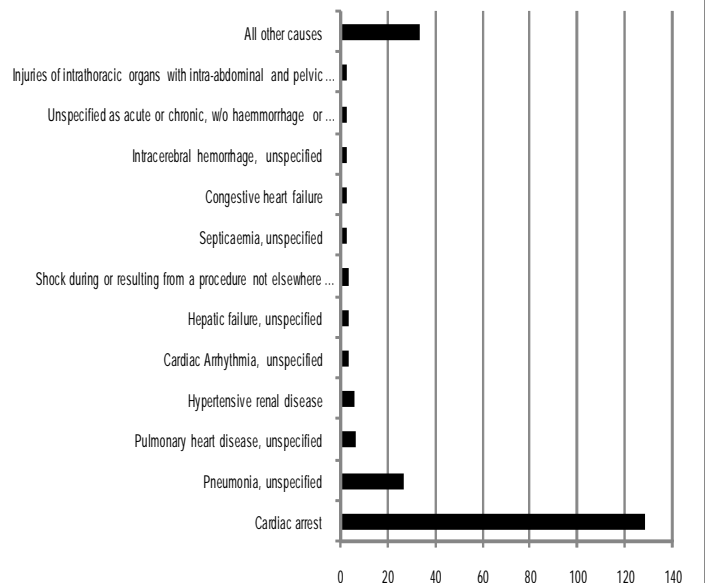


Table 1. Total Registered Live Births, by Sex, by Municipality, March 2012

Municipality	Both sexes	Male	Female
Total	383	194	189
Altavas	16	8	8
Balete	17	7	10
Banga	8	3	5
Batan	7	1	6
Buruanga	4	1	3
Ibajay	23	12	11
Kalibo	192	98	94
Lezo	5	4	1
Libacao	9	4	5
Madalag	8	3	5
Makato	9	3	6
Malay	35	22	13
Malinao	6	3	3
Nabas	10	5	5
New Washington	22	10	12
Numancia	2	1	1
Tangalan	10	9	1

Table 2. Registered Live Birth by Attendant at Birth, March 2012

Attended at Birth	Total	Percentage
Total	383	100.00
Physician	208	54.31
Nurse	3	0.78
Midwife	87	22.72
Hilot	84	21.93
Others	0	0.00
Not Stated	1	0.26

Table 3. Total Registered Live Births by Age Group of Mother, March 2012

Age of Mother	Total	Male	Female
Total	383	194	189
less than 15	0	0	0
15-19	32	19	13
20-24	101	55	46
25-29	99	54	45
30-34	74	41	33
35-39	55	17	38
40-44	21	8	13
45-49	1	0	1
50- and over	0	0	0
not stated/not applicable	0	0	0

Table 4. Registered Live Birth by Legitimacy Status, March 2012

Municipality	Total	Legitimate	Percent Legitimate	Illegitimate	Percent Illegitimate
Total	383	219	57.18	164	42.82
Altavas	16	8	50.00	8	50.00
Balete	17	9	52.94	8	47.06
Banga	8	5	62.50	3	37.50
Batan	7	7	100.00	0	0.00
Buruanga	4	2	50.00	2	50.00
Ibajay	23	18	78.26	5	21.74
Kalibo	192	110	57.29	82	42.71
Lezo	5	4	80.00	1	20.00
Libacao	9	5	55.56	4	44.44
Madalag	8	6	75.00	2	25.00
Makato	9	4	44.44	5	55.56
Malay	35	16	45.71	19	54.29
Malinao	6	4	66.67	2	33.33
Nabas	10	8	80.00	2	20.00
New Washington	22	8	36.36	14	63.64
Numancia	2	1	50.00	1	50.00
Tangalan	10	4	40.00	6	60.00

Table 5. Total Registered Marriage by Place of Occurrence, March 2012

Municipality	Total	Percentage
Total	118	100.00
Altavas	2	1.69
Balete	5	4.24
Banga	8	6.78
Batan	1	0.85
Buruanga	2	1.69
Ibajay	4	3.39
Kalibo	21	17.80
Lezo	3	2.54
Libacao	3	2.54
Madalag	3	2.54
Makato	4	3.39
O.Malay	31	26.27
Malinao	1	0.85
Nabas	8	6.78
New Washington	7	5.93
Numancia	9	7.63
Tangalan	6	5.08

Table 6. Total Registered Marriage by Type of Ceremony, March 2012

Type of Ceremony	Number of Couples	Percentage
Total	118	100.00
Civil Ceremony	45	38.14
Church Rites	56	47.46
Muslim	1	0.85
Tribal	1	0.85
Others	15	12.71
Not Stated	0	0.00

Table 7. Number and Percent Distribution of Brides and Grooms by Age Group, March 2012

	Groom	Percent	Bride	Percent
Total	118	100.00	118	100.00
under20	1	0.85	9	7.63
20-24	24	20.34	40	33.90
25-29	45	38.14	42	35.59
30-34	27	22.88	16	13.56
35-39	8	6.78	4	3.39
40-44	6	5.08	2	1.69
45-49	4	3.39	4	3.39
50 and above	3	2.54	1	0.85
not stated	0	0.00	0	0.00

Table 6. Total Registered Death by Place of Occurrence, March 2012

Place of Death	Both sexes	Male	Female
Total	229	141	88
Altavas	9	6	3
Balete	6	2	4
Banga	10	3	7
Batan	11	8	3
Buruanga	1	1	0
Ibajay	18	12	6
Kalibo	83	51	32
Lezo	12	6	6
Libacao	6	5	1
Madalag	4	3	1
Makato	10	7	3
Malay	10	5	5
Malinao	4	4	0
Nabas	9	6	3
New Washington	15	6	9
Numancia	10	9	1
Tangalan	11	7	4

Table 7. Number and Percent Distribution of Deaths by Sex and by Age Group, March 2012

Age group	Both Sexes		Male		Female	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	229	100.00	141	100.00	88	100.00
less than 1	3	1.31	3	2.13	0	0.00
1-4	7	3.06	4	2.84	3	3.41
5-9	2	0.87	0	0.00	2	2.27
10-14	2	0.87	0	0.00	2	2.27
15-19	2	0.87	2	1.42	0	0.00
20-24	4	1.75	4	2.84	0	0.00
25-29	5	2.18	5	3.55	0	0.00
30-34	6	2.62	4	2.84	2	2.27
35-39	7	3.06	5	3.55	2	2.27
40-44	7	3.06	5	3.55	2	2.27
45-49	7	3.06	5	3.55	2	2.27
50-54	13	5.68	11	7.80	2	2.27
55-59	14	6.11	11	7.80	3	3.41
60 and over	141	61.57	80	56.74	61	69.32
not stated	9	3.93	2	1.42	7	7.95

Table 8. Percent Distribution of Registered Death by Medically Attended or Not, March 2012

Attendant at Death	Number	Percent
Total	229	100.00
Medically Attended	216	94.32
Not Attended	13	5.68

Table 9. Percent Distribution of Ten Leading Causes of Deaths, March 2012

Causes of Death	Code	Number	Percent
Total		229	100.00
Cardiac Arrest	I460	128	55.90
Pneumonia, unspecified	J189	27	11.79
Pulmonary heart disease, unspecified	I279	7	3.06
Hypertensive renal disease	I120 & I129	6	2.62
Cardiac Arrhythmia, unspecified	I119	4	1.75
Hepatic failure, unspecified	K729	4	1.75
Shock during or resulting from a procedure not elsewhere classified	T811	4	1.75
Septicaemia, unspecified	A419	3	1.31
Congestive heart failure	I500	3	1.31
Intracerebral hemorrhage, unspecified	I619	3	1.31
Unspecified as acute or chronic, w/o haemorrhage or perforation	K279	3	1.31
Injuries of intrathoracic organs with intra-abdominal and pelvic organs	T065	3	1.31
All other causes		34	14.85