INQUIRIES: For more information write or call: Philippine Statistics Authority N. Roldan St., Poblacion, Kalibo, Aklan Tel Nos. (036) 268-9217/268-3373/262-3804 or Email: nso_aklan@yahoo.com

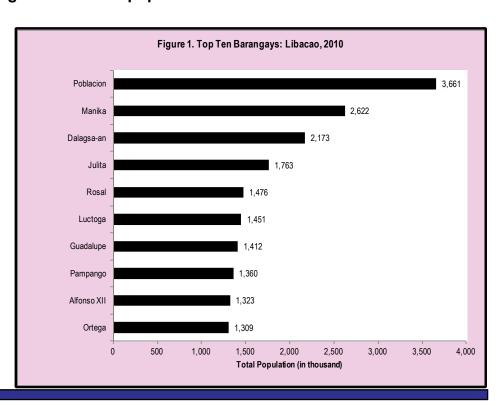
Population of Illunicipality of Libaean reaches 28, 005 mark (Results from 2010 Census of Population and Housing)

The population of Libacao up by more than two thousand

The Municipality of Libacao posted a total population of 28, 005 persons as of May 2010 Census of Population and Housing. The population size increased by 2, 022 persons over its 2000 population count of 25, 983. The increase in population count from 2000 to 2010 translated to an average annual population growth rate (PGR) of 0.75 percent.

Barangay Poblacion has the largest number of population

Among the twenty four (24)barangays comprising the Municipality of Libacao, Barangay Poblacion was the most populous with a size making up 13.1 percent of the total municipal population. Barangay Manika was second with 9.4 percent share, followed by Dalagsa-an with 7.8, and Julita with 6.3 percent. The rest of the barangays 5.3 percent and contributed below. The least populated area was Barangay Bonza with 1.2 percent share of the total population of the municipality.



Dalagsa-an was the fastest growing barangay in population size

Among the 24 barangays, Dalagsa-an was the fastest growing barangay having a population growth rate of 3.04 percent. This growth is four times the rate of the municipal level (0.75 percent) and almost twice the rate of the provincial level (1.73 percent). Following

Dalagsa-an is Brgy. Poblacion with 2.96 percent, Guadalupe with 2.58 percent, Calamcan with 2.52, and Rosal with 1.94 percent.

On the other hand, nine (9) barangays showed negative growth rate during the period

2000 to 2010. These are Brgy. Ortega (-1.72), Janlud (-1.47), Calacabian (-1.37), Manika (-1.01), Alfonso XII (-0.34), Pampango (-0.23), Magugba (-0.08), Can-Awan (-0.04), and Bonza (-0.03).

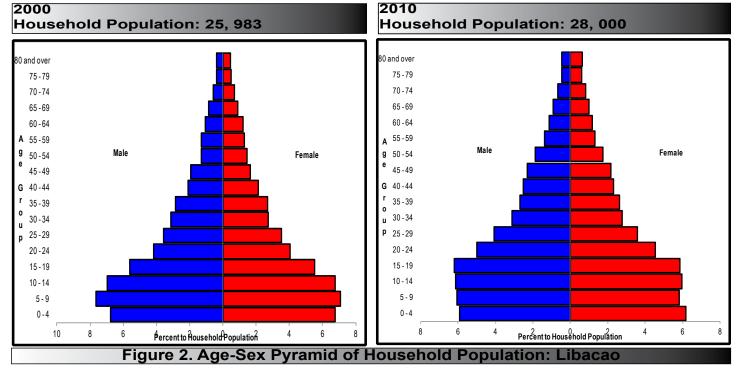
Table 1					
Household Population, Number of Households, and Average Household Size Municipality of Libacao, 2010 and 2000					
Census Year	Household	Number of	Average Household		
	Population	Households	Size		
2010	28, 000	6, 170	4.5		
2000	25, 983	4, 632	5.6		

Average household size stands at 4.5 persons

The number of households in 2010 was hous recorded 6, 170 higher by 1, 538 632 h

households compared with 4, 632 households posted in 2000.

The average household size of Libacao in 2010 is 4.5 persons, lower than that in 2000 which is 5.6 persons.



Children aged 10 to 14 years comprised the biggest group of Libacao's populace

As of 2010, children aged 10 to 14 dominated the municipality with 12.09 share of the total household population. This was followed by 15 to 19 years old with 12.05 percent. This made the age structure of the household population of Libacao to deviate from the usual pyramid shape, as population decreases so age increases.

Of the 28, 000 household population in 2010, there were about 10, 088 or 36.0 percent under 15 years of age. Children below 5 years old comprised

Sex ratio was 104 males per 100 females

Of the 28, 000 household population in 2010, males accounted 50.9 percent while females comprised 49.1 percent. These figures resulted in a sex ratio of 104 males for every 100 females. In 2000, male population slightly outnumbered thier female counterparts with

12.1 percent of the household population in the municipality. Children aged 5 to 9 years accounted for 11.9 percent while those aged 10 to 14 years comprised 12.1 percent.

In terms of the distribution by age and sex, males outnumbered females in age groups 5 to 59, while females dominated males in the age group 0 to 4, and 60 years old and over.

sex ratio of 102 males per 100 females.

Children under 15 years old had a sex ratio of 101 males for every 100 females, while for those aged 15 to 64 years, the ratio was 108 males per 100 females. However, the sex ratio for the age group 65 years old and over was 81 males per 100 females, showing a higher mortality of males than females in this age group.

Median age increases to 20 years

In 2010, the median age of Libacao's population was 20 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 20 years. This further shows that Libacao has predominantly young population. The 2010 median age is higher than the median age of 18 years recorded in 2000. The municipality's median age both for males and female in 2010 was 20 years.

Sex Ratio All ages | 104:100 0-14 | 101:100 15-64 | 108:100

81:100

Libacao's school age population accounted 45.6 percent

In 2010, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) in Libacao comprised of 45.6 percent of the 28,000 household population. By comparison, the school-age population in 2000 was 47.8 percent of the 25, 983 household population. Of the population who were of school age, the males made up 51.3 percent, while females comprised 48.7 percent.

JUNUVI ARC KAMININI			
Total 12, 754			
Males	6, 544		
Females	6, 210		

Cehaal Ada Danulatian

Dependency ratio of Libacao was 71

65 & up

The overall dependency ratio of Libacao was 71, which indicates that for every 100 working-age population, there were about 71 dependents. This is lower than the dependency ratio in 2000 recorded at 88 dependents per 100 working-age population.

Senior citizens in Libacao comprise 7.9 percent

In Libacao, senior citizen comprised 7.9 percent of the total household population in 2010, which is slightly higher than the 7.0 percent recorded in year 2000. Among the senior citizens, females outnumbered the males with 53.9 percent and 46.1 percent, respectively.

Voting age population constitutes 56.7 percent

The voting-age population (18 years old and over) accounted for 56.7 percent of the entire household population in the municipality. Of the votingage population, 51.3 percent were males and 48.7 percent were females.

Voting-Age Population			
TOTAL 15, 871			
Male	8, 137		
Female	7, 734		

Two elderly for every ten children below 15 years old in Libacao

In Libacao, the ageing index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 15.5 percent in 2010. This means that there are 16 persons aged 60 years and over for every 100 children under 15 years old. In 2000, the ageing index is lower computed at 11.3 percent.

TABLE 2. Total Population, Household Population, and Number of Households by Barangay: Libacao, 2010

Barangay	Total Population	Household Population	Number of Household
LIBACAO	28,005	28,000	6,170
Agmailig	755	755	178
Alfonso XII	1,323	1,322	281
Batobato	453	453	85
Bonza	333	333	77
Calacabian	932	932	201
Calamcan	613	613	148
Can-Awan	542	542	128
Casit-an	342	342	76
Dalagsa-an	2,173	2,173	440
Guadalupe	1,412	1,412	315
Janlud	740	740	190
Julita	1,763	1,763	389
Luctoga	1,451	1,451	289
Magugba	644	644	162
Manika	2,622	2,622	557
Ogsip	1,066	1,066	239
Ortega	1,309	1,309	273
Oyang	1,028	1,028	198
Pampango	1,360	1,360	284
Pinonoy	708	708	175
Poblacion	3,661	3,657	894
Rivera	596	596	130
Rosal	1,476	1,476	305
Sibalew	703	703	156

TABLE 3. Household Population by Five Year-Age Group and Sex: Libacao, 2010

Age Group	2010			2000		
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
All ages	28,000	14,250	13,750	25,983	13,146	12,837
0 - 4	3,377	1,652	1,725	3,517	1,761	1,756
5 - 9	3,326	1,698	1,628	3,821	1,983	1,838
10 - 14	3,385	1,716	1,669	3,567	1,809	1,758
15 - 19	3,374	1,736	1,638	2,886	1,452	1,434
20 - 24	2,669	1,394	1,275	2,139	1,086	1,053
25 - 29	2,153	1,145	1,008	1,838	924	914
30 - 34	1,656	876	780	1,524	815	709
35 - 39	1,488	753	735	1,433	737	696
40 - 44	1,347	704	643	1,097	547	550
45 - 49	1,248	644	604	934	503	431
50 - 54	1,014	526	488	719	339	380
55 - 59	757	390	367	677	339	338
60 - 64	643	316	327	595	277	318
65 - 69	534	258	276	459	223	236
70 - 74	415	184	231	326	149	177
75 - 79	302	128	174	226	100	126
80 and over	312	130	182	225	102	123

TABLE 4. Population and Annual Growth Rates by Barangay: Libacao, 2000 and 2010

BARANGAY	2000	2010	POPULATION GROWTH RATE
LIBACAO	25,983	28,005	0.75
Agmailig	661	755	1.34
Alfonso XII	1,369	1,323	-0.34
Batobato	447	453	0.13
Bonza	334	333	-0.03
Calacabian	1,070	932	-1.37
Calamcan	478	613	2.52
Can-Awan	544	542	-0.04
Casit-an	301	342	1.29
Dalagsa-an	1,611	2,173	3.04
Guadalupe	1,094	1,412	2.58
Janlud	858	740	-1.47
Julita	1,666	1,763	0.57
Luctoga	1,352	1,451	0.71
Magugba	649	644	-0.08
Manika	2,902	2,622	-1.01
Ogsip	979	1,066	0.86
Ortega	1,557	1,309	-1.72
Oyang	903	1,028	1.30
Pampango	1,392	1,360	-0.23
Pinonoy	672	708	0.52
Poblacion	2,735	3,661	2.96
Rivera	521	596	1.35
Rosal	1,218	1,476	1.94
Sibalew	670	703	0.48

TECHNICAL NOTES

Growth rate – the amount of increase that a specific variable has gained within a specific period and context

Total population – all usual residents of the country or all person present in the country at the time of census.

Household – is a social unit consisting of a person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have common arrangements in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population – refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Average household size – is the average number of persons who live in the household, computed as the household population in a given area divided by the corresponding total number of households in that area.

Median age – is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups, that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Sex ratio – is the number of males per one hundred females in a given population.

Overall dependency ratio – is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age group).

Ageing index – is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred person under the age of 15 years.

The 2010 Census of Population and Housing (2010 CPH) was undertaken by the Philippine Statistics Authority (formerly National Statistics Office) in May-June 2010 pursuant to Batas Pambansa Blg. 72 and Commonwealth Act 591. The 2010 CPH was designed to take an inventory of the population and housing units in the Philippines nationwide and to collect information about their characteristics. Information on the count of the population and living quarters were collected with 12:01 a.m. of May 1, 2010 as the census reference time and date.

The population counts proclaimed by the President as official for all purposes were based on census questionnaires accomplished by the enumerators all over the country. Questionnaires were processed in Census Processing Centers using the Optimal Mark Recognition (OMR) technology along with the Census Integrated Processing System developed by NSO.